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REALLY TRUSTED



# The makings of a Compliance Program...

Agenda and what to expect

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			REALLY

# Introductions Who is ReallyTrusted?

- Vancouver based FINTRAC Compliance company
- Small team delivering a variety of products with a current specific focus on Real Estate brokerages:
- FINTRAC Express, RT App, RT Academy RT Manuals & RT Reviews.



### Introductions...

Who are these guys??







GREGORY DENT
COFOUNDER & COO

**DANIEL DENT**COFOUNDER & CTO



### Our Milestones

Our ReallyTrusted Success Story

RT Launched

1st Remote FINTRAC

in Canada

500 Brokerages



ReallyTrusted App
was Born Beginning with
BCFSA Froms

1st in Canada Remote FINTRAC ID Record Verification

RT Academy RT Manuals RT Reviews

Living in the future.

### FINTRAC

### **HIstory Highlights**





FATF is an international organization focused on combating money laundering, established in 1989 by the G7



FINTRAC established in 2000



Real Estate one of many sectors covered



New sectors added (Mortgage brokers later this year)



Regulations change as risks evolve (originally

PCMLTFA was PCMLA for instance)



# 5 Pillars: The framework of a FINTRAC Compliance Program

- 1 Appointment of Compliance Officer
- 2 Documented Risk Assessment
- 3 Documented Policies & Procedures
- 4 Documented Training Program
- 5 Effectiveness Review











Make sure they have appropriate authority



## What we see go wrong...

Appointment of a Compliance Officer

No Appointment No
AML/CTF
knowledge

No Authority
or no
segregation of
duties notion of
independence



**Appointment of a Compliance Officer** 

 (a) appointing a person who is to be responsible for implementing the program or, in the case of a person, taking responsibility for implementing the program;



**Documented Compliance Officer** 

Appointment signed off in policy manual

Additional AML/CTF training

Has say in day-to-day operations



# Pillar 2 Documented Risk Assessment









# What we have seen go wrong...

**Documented Risk Assessment** 

Blank CREA Risk • Assessment page One page Risk
Assessment
that says
"We consider
our brokerage
to be low risk"

The Risk
Assessment is
that thing we
do every two
years, right?"



**Documented Risk Assessment** 

- (c) assessing and documenting the risk referred to in subsection 9.6(2) of the Act, taking into consideration
  - (i) their clients and business relationships,
  - (ii) their products, services and delivery channels,
  - (iii) the geographic location of their activities,
  - (iv) in the case of an entity that is referred to in any of paragraphs 5(a) to (g) of the Act, any risk resulting from the activities of an entity that is affiliated with it and that either is referred to in any of those paragraphs or carries out activities outside Canada that are similar to those of a person or entity referred to in any of those paragraphs, and (v) any other relevant factor;



### **Documented Risk Assessment**

Risk assessment assesses products and services, delivery channels, geography, clients and business relationships, employees, suppliers and new technology

Each area has different risk rating therefore each has appropriate control measures

You'll have a good risk assessment when you have thoroughly analyzed your business properly.

# Pillar 3 Documented Policy and Porcedures

Needs to be based on your risk assessment and your obligations under FINTRAC

No one size fits all

Policies define the 'what'

Procedures define the 'how'



# What we have seen go wrong...

**Documented Policy and Procedures** 

Using someone else's manual

Using the CREA template unedited

Having 2-3
pages within
your brokerage
manual be the
only manual



**Documented Policy and Procedures** 

(b) developing and applying written compliance policies and procedures that are kept up to date and, in the case of an entity, are approved by a senior officer;



**Documented Policy and Procedures** 

- Policy manual walking through the various obligations your business does and does not have and broadly explaining the plan
  - Procedure manual for agents walking through their specific part of the program
- Procedure manual for compliance staff that details all the procedures that ensure complete compliance with your stated policies





Documents who will be trained



How and how often



On what



**Record of training kept** 



# What we have seen go wrong...

**Documented Training Program** 

Spray and Pray
(15 minutes at
every sales
meeting and
nothing else)

Annual
FINTRAC
meeting,
attendance kept
(this is actually
OK!)

Having no record whatsoever



**Documented Training Program** 

- (d) if the person or entity has employees, agents or mandataries or other persons who are authorized to act on their behalf, developing and maintaining a written, ongoing compliance training program for those employees, agents or mandataries or other persons;
- (e) instituting and documenting a plan for the ongoing compliance training program and delivering the training; and



**Documented Training Program** 

- A training program that is accessible enough that everyone ACTUALLY does it and learns enough about their role
  - A training plan that is updated whenever things change
  - A full log of all staff and employees who have completed everything is kept

# Pillar 5 Effectiveness Review



- Should determine whether you are meeting your requirements
- Should determine whether your program is working as designed/intended
- Process and results need to be documented
- Findings incorporated



# What we have seen go wrong...

**Effectiveness Review** 

"I review my risk assessment every two years"

"What is an effectiveness review?"

"I updated my manual about 5 years ago"



**Effectiveness Review** 

(f) instituting and documenting a plan for a review of the compliance program for the purpose of testing its effectiveness.



**Effectiveness Review** 

- An internal or qualified third party (external auditor) is brought in to review and results documented every two years (if no auditor then by yourself)
  - 1. Documented plan
  - 2. Documents findings
  - Incorporate findings by updating all the other components of your program as necessary

# The 5 Pillars work together!!

- Compliance Officer can be constant, other 4 pillars must be fluid, changing and reinforce each other
- External and internal must be accounted for regularly
- Every new factor will require an update in some component of your program





# General Concepts

Focus on the actuals

2 Components need to work together

Program must be tailored to your business

Changes/updates need to be woven through all components



### Why does it all matter?

https://www.canada.ca/en/financial-transactions-reports-analysis/search.html?q=penalties+real+estate&wb-srch-sub=t

2021	2022	2023	2024
\$31,350	\$22,770	\$57,915	\$132,000
\$66,742.50	\$101,227	\$156,750	
\$59,235	\$230,423		
\$123,915	\$282,397.50	c14	3,000
\$255,750	\$275,385	AVER	3,008 AGE PENALTY
	\$206,250		
Total 2021 Fines: \$536,993	Total 2022 Fines: \$1,118,453	Total 2023 Fines: \$214,665	Total 2024 Fines: \$132,000

### Why does it all matter?

This real estate broker in Montréal, Quebec, was imposed an administrative monetary penalty of \$123,915 in 2021, for non-compliance with Part 1 of the PCMLTFA and its associated Regulations.

- Failure to ensure that the appointed person was responsible for implementing a compliance program;
- Failure to develop compliance policies and procedures that sufficiently covered the requirements;
- Failure to assess and document the money laundering or terrorist activity financing (ML/TF) risk of its geographic locations, products and delivery channels, and clients and business relationships;
- Failure to keep a written ongoing compliance training program;
- Failure to institute and document a review, every two years, to assess the effectiveness of its policies and procedures, risk assessment and training program; and
- Failure to keep all the prescribed information in client information records.



### Why does it all matter?

This real estate brokerage in Vancouver, British Columbia was imposed an administrative monetary penalty of \$282,397.50 in 2022 for non-compliance with Part 1 of the PCMLTFA and its associated Regulations.

- Failure to submit a suspicious transaction report where there were reasonable grounds to suspect that transactions were related to a money laundering offence;
- Failure to ensure that the appointed person was responsible for implementing a compliance program;
- Failure to develop and apply sufficient compliance policies and procedures for its regulatory obligations relating to third party determination, receipt of funds records and business relationships and ongoing monitoring;
- Failure to take into consideration the money laundering or terrorist activity financing risk of its products and delivery channels, its geographic location or its clients and business relationships;
- Failure to develop and maintain a written ongoing training program for its staff;
- Failure to institute and document a review to test the effectiveness of its policies and procedures, its risk assessment and its training program; and
- Failure to keep complete client identification records.

### Why does it all matter?

This real estate brokerage in Vancouver, British Columbia was imposed an administrative monetary penalty of \$275,385 in 2022, for non-compliance with Part 1 of the PCMLTFA and its associated Regulations.

- Failure to submit a suspicious transaction report where there were reasonable grounds to suspect that transactions were related to a money laundering offence;
- Failure to submit a large cash transaction report for the receipt of \$10,000 or more in cash;
- Failure to ensure that the appointed person was responsible for implementing a compliance program;
- Failure to develop and apply sufficient compliance policies and procedures for its regulatory obligations relating to record keeping, third party determination, business relationships and ongoing monitoring;
- Failure to take into consideration the money laundering or terrorist activity financing risk of its products and delivery channels, its geographic location or its clients and business relationships;
- Failure to develop and maintain a written ongoing training program for its staff; and
- Failure to record the type of funds received on a receipt of funds record and not keeping complete client identification records.



### Why does it all matter?

Following a compliance examination in 2021, this real estate broker in Mississauga, Ontario, was imposed an administrative monetary penalty of \$132,000 in 2023, for non-compliance with Part 1 of the PCMLTFA and its associated Regulations.

#### Found to have committed the following administrative violations:

- Failure to ensure that an appointed person be responsible for implementing a compliance program;
- Failure to develop and apply written compliance policies and procedures;
- Failure to assess and document money laundering or terrorist activity financing risks;
- Failure to develop and maintain a written ongoing compliance training program; and
- Failure to institute and document the prescribed review of its policies and procedures, risk assessment and training program.



### Why does it all matter?

This real estate broker in Vancouver, British Columbia was imposed an administrative monetary penalty of \$206,250 in 2022 for non-compliance with Part 1 of the PCMLTFA and its associated Regulations.

- Failure to submit a suspicious transaction report where there were reasonable grounds to suspect that transactions were related to a money laundering offence;
- Failure to develop compliance policies and procedures related to ministerial directives and ongoing monitoring of business relationships, and failure to apply policies and procedures related to third party determination;
- Failure to assess and document the money laundering or terrorist activity financing risks of its geographic locations, products and delivery channels, and clients and business relationships;
- Failure to develop and maintain a written ongoing compliance training program; and
- Failure to institute and document a review, every two years, to assess the effectiveness of its policies and procedures, risk assessment and training program.

### FINTRAC Examinations

Typical deficiencies leading to fines...



- Policy and procedures
- Risk assessments
- Training programs
- Record keeping
- Unreported Suspicious Transactions
- Identification (KYC) requirements
- Neglecting suspicious / high risk indicators
- Ongoing monitoring



### FINTRAC Examinations

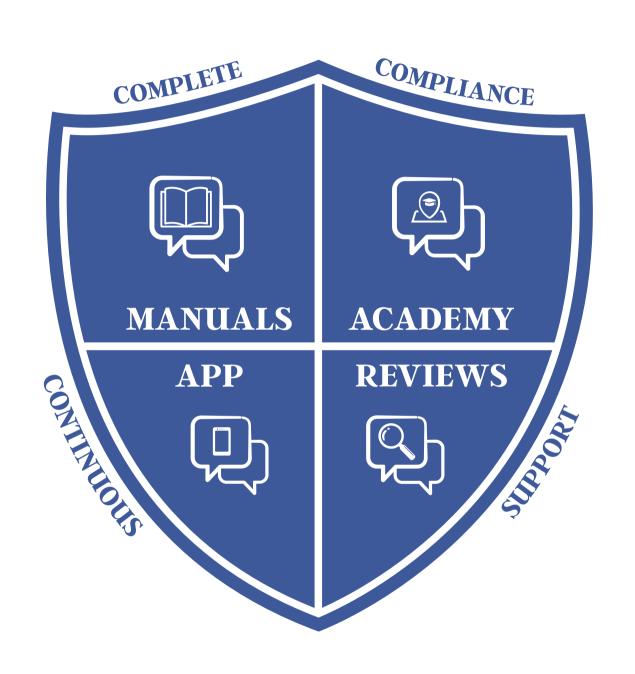
How to solve typical deficiencies ...



- Understand enough to understand what the options do and don't do
- You don't need to do it alone
- Solve the whole problem not a partial solution



### How ReallyTrusted can help...







Contact us: sales@reallytrusted.com

Book a Consult: www.reallytrusted.com/consult